Initial Report of a First-In-Human Study of the First-In-Class Fatty Acid Synthase (FASN) Inhibitor, TVB-2640.

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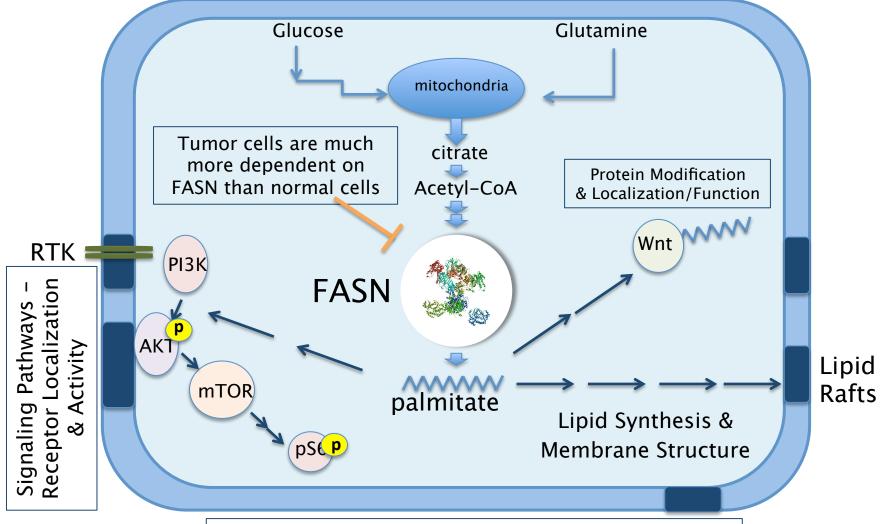
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Disclosure Slide

- Presenter: J. Infante
 - Disclosures: None

FASN - Integrated Target in Tumor Cell Biology

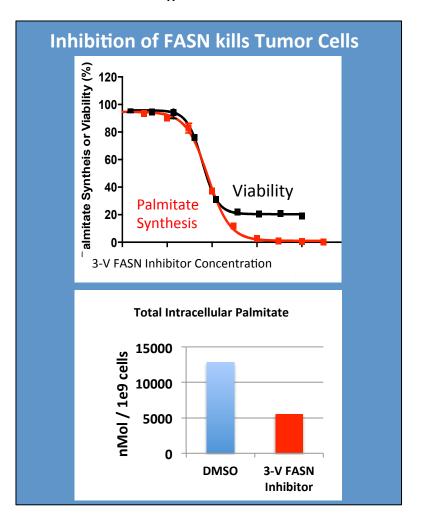


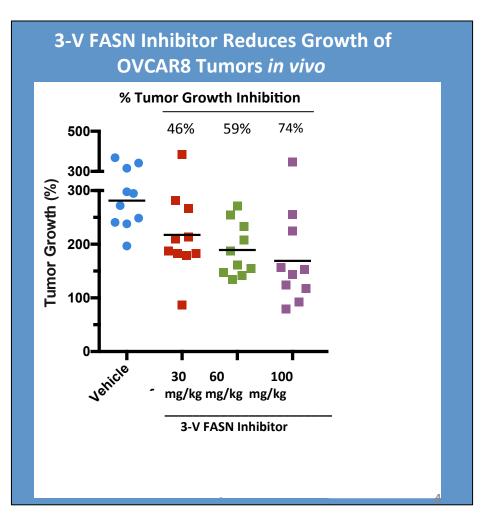
FASN is widely expressed in multiple tumor types

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TVB-2640 Oral, First-in-Class, Potent FASN Inhibitor

• Potent, reversible, and specific ($IC_{50} < 0.05~\mu\text{M}$), small molecule inhibitor ($<\!440~M_W$)





Objectives

- Primary
 - Safety, MTD, recommended Phase II dose (monotherapy and in combination with chemo)
- Secondary
 - Pharmacokinetics, preliminary anti-tumor activity
- Exploratory
 - Biomarkers of response, assess any variability in TVB-2640 PK

Study Design

- Multicenter, open label, phase 1 study
- Oral, once daily with 21 day continuous cycles
- Single patient, accelerated titration followed by "3+3" design after ≥ Grade 2 toxicity

Key Eligibility Criteria

Inclusion

- Adult patients with pathologically confirmed metastatic or advanced-stage solid malignant tumor
- Patient may have received up to 4 prior regimens
- ECOG 0-1

Exclusion

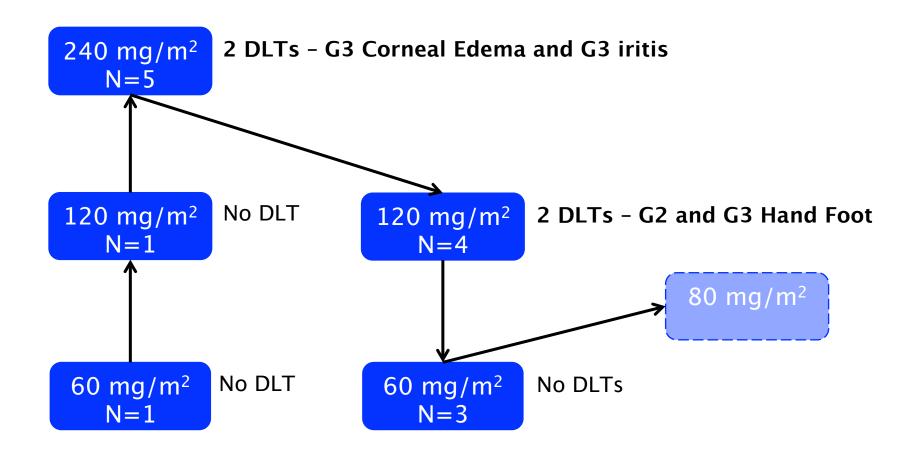
- History of dry eye
- Clinically significant ophthalmologic finding
- History of risk factors for torsade de pointes (e.g., heart failure, hypokalemia, family history of long QT syndrome)

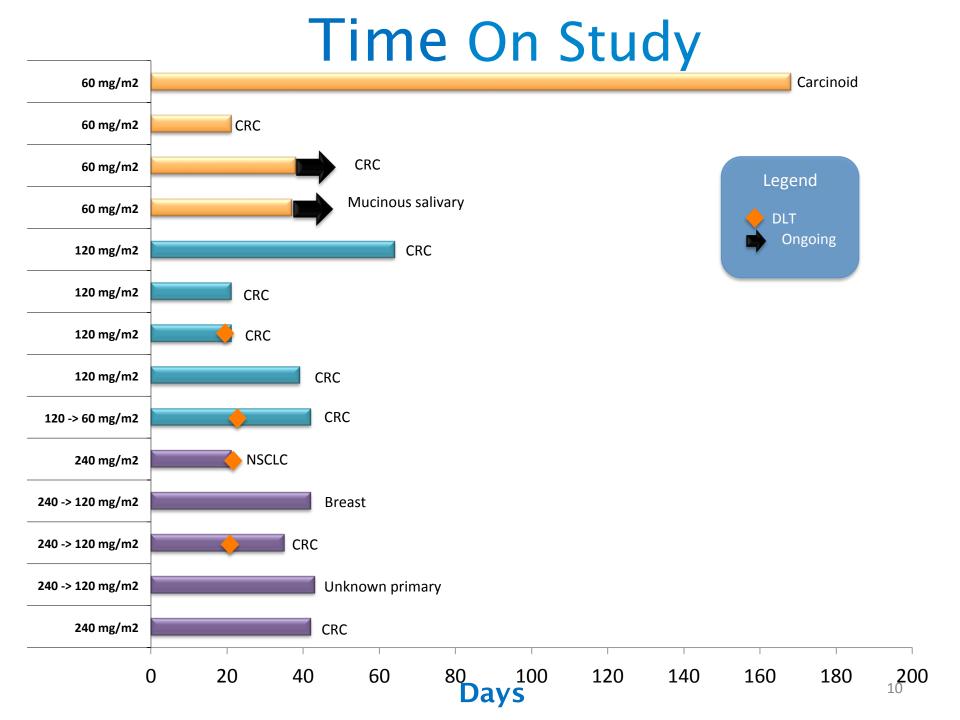
Baseline Characteristics

N=14 Patients			
Age (years)	Median	64	
	Range	50-78	
Gender	Male	8	
	Female	6	
Race	Caucasian	13	
	Asian	1	
ECOG Performance Status	0	7	
	1	7	
Number of Previous Regimens	0-2	6	
	3-4	6	
	5+	2	

Note: All patients to date are enrolled in the United States

Monotherapy Dose Escalation





Related AEs = Gr 1/2

N = 14; N in Table = 14

AE Verbatim	N	Grade 1	Grade 2	%
Hand/Foot Skin Reaction	12	5	7	86%
Alopecia	10	6	4	71%
Fatigue/Weakness	8	3	5	57%
Iritis/Corneal Edema/Conjunctivitis	5	4	1	36%
Diarrhea	4	3	1	29%
Anorexia/Appetite Loss	4	4	-	29%
Oral Mucositis/Mouth Tenderness	4	4	-	29%
Eye Pain	3	3	-	21%
Neuropathy (fingers)	3	2	1	21%
Blurry Vision	3	2	1	21%
Drainage/Watery Eye	3	3	-	21%
Vomiting	2	1	1	14%
Nausea	2	2	-	14%
Dry Eye	2	2	-	14%
Light Sensitivity	2	1	1	14%
Facial Erythemia	2	2	-	14%
Change in Taste	2	2	-	14%
Fever	2	-	2	14%
Trichiasis	1	1	-	7%

AE: Skin

Skin	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	N=14
Any Skin Toxicity				10 (71%)
Alopecia	4	4	_	8 (57%)
Hand/Foot Skin Reaction	_	4*	1*	5 (35%)
Erythema	2	_	_	2 (14%)
Skin Exfoliation	2	_	_	2 (14%)
Dermatitis	1	_	_	1 (7%)
Nail Disorder	1	_	_	1 (7%)
Photosensitivity Reaction	1	_	_	1 (7%)
Pruritus	1	_	_	1 (7%)
Rash	1	_	_	1 (7%)

^{*} Dose Limiting Toxicities: one grade 2 and one grade 3 HFSR

AE: Skin



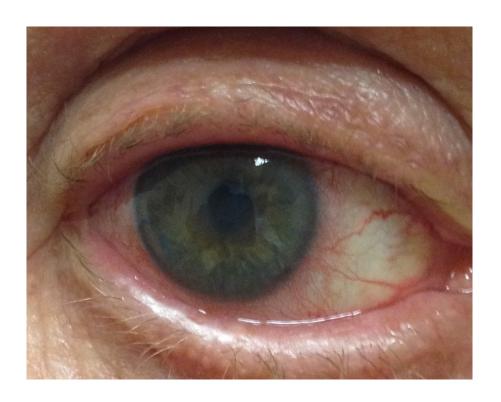
- 120 mg/m²
- Gr. 2 Hand/Foot Skin Reaction
- Onset on Cycle 3, Day 8
- Resolution 35 days later

AE: Ocular

Eye	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	N=14
Any Eye Toxicity				8 (57%)
Conjunctivitis	1	1	-	2 (14%)
Iritis	-	1	1*	2 (14%)
Lacrimation Increased	2	1	ı	2 (14%)
Photophobia	1	1	-	2 (14%)
Eye Pain	1	1	-	2 (14%)
Corneal Edema	-	1	1*	1 (7%)
Corneal Scar	1	-	ı	1 (7%)
Dry Eye	1	1	-	1 (7%)
Pruritus	1	-	-	1 (7%)
Ocular Hyperaemia	1	-	ı	1 (7%)
Trichiasis	1	-	-	1 (7%)
Blurred Vision	-	1	-	1 (7%)
Reduced Visual Acuity	1	-	-	1 (7%)

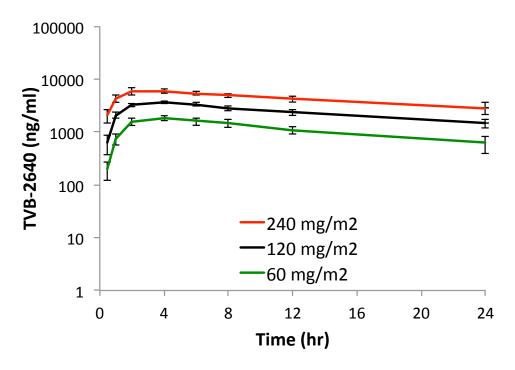
 $^{^{\}star}$ Dose Limiting Toxicities: one grade 3 Iritis and one grade 3 Corneal Edema

AE: Ocular



- 240 mg/m²
- DLT of Gr. 3 Corneal Edema
- Onset on Cycle 2, Day 1
- Resolution 5 days later

TVB-2640 Plasma Levels Day 1



- Plasma levels increase with dose
- Steady state reached by day 8
- Mean half-life approximately 18 hours
- Exceeds threshold for preclinical efficacy

Conclusions

- TVB-2640 is a potent, specific oral FASN inhibitor
- Skin and eye toxicity are on-target and reversible
 - No significant GI or hematologic adverse events
 - No QTc prolongation
- Exposures at 60 mg/m² exceed those found to be efficacious in preclinical models
 - 80 mg/m² is being explored to further define the MTD
- Comprehensive biomarker analysis is underway
- Chemotherapy combinations are planned and alternate dosing schedules are being considered

Preclinical Abstract 591 Poster 163, Heuer et al.

TVB-2640 Oral, First-in-Class, Potent FASN Inhibitor

Thank You to the Patients and Their Families

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AEs ≥Gr 3 (excluding DLTs)

N = 14; N in Table = 9

AE Verbatim	N	Toxicity Grade	Related?	SAE?
Volume Overload	1	3	Unlikely	Yes
A-fib related to CHF	1	2	Unrelated	Yes
Biliary Obstruction	2	3	Unrelated	Yes (1) / No (1)
Elevated Alk Phos	1	3	Unrelated	No
Elevated Bilirubin	4	3	Unrelated	No
Elevated Lipase	2	4 (1) / 3 (1)	Unrelated	No
Hypertension	1	3	Unrelated	No
Hypokalemia	1	3	Unrelated	No
Ileus	1	2	Unrelated	Yes
Pancreatitis	1	3	Unrelated	Yes
Cardiac Tamponade	1	Not recorded	Unrelated	Yes
Pericardial Effusion	1	4	Unrelated	Yes

Eye and Skin Toxicity



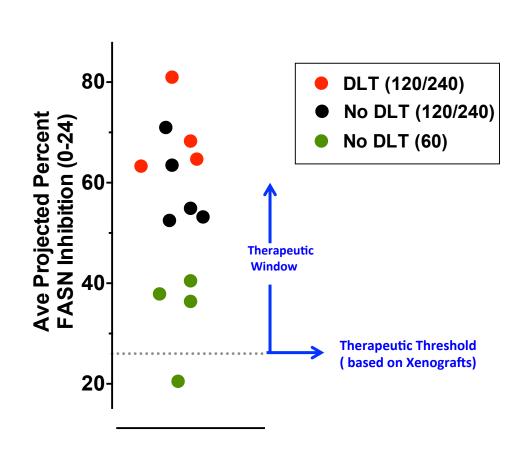


- 240 mg/m²
- DLT of Gr. 3 Corneal Edema
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- Resolution 5 days later

- 120 mg/m²
- Gr. 2 Hand/Foot Skin Reaction
- Onset on Cycle 3, Day 8
- Resolution 35 days later

FASN Inhibition Modeling

- Graph of average FASN inhibition during a 24 hour period
- 25% inhibition of FASN inhibits Tumor Growth in murine xenografts
- Most patients exceed that minimum threshold
- DLTs occurred at very high levels of FASN inhibition

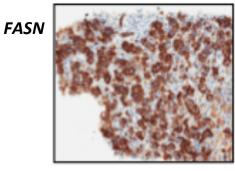


PD & Biomarker Approaches

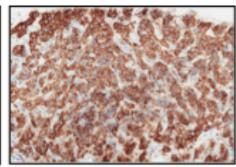
Tumor

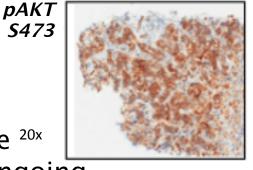
- IHC of archival biopsies shows FASN expression in all patients to date
- IHC of paired biopsies in 1 patient (PIK3CA mutant breast cancer) at 240 mg/ m² shows inhibition of pAKT S473

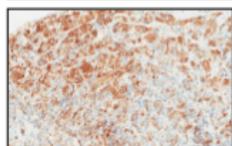
Pre-dose



Post dose (C2D1)







50% decrease in tumor pAKT H score

Blood cells as surrogate tissue ^{20x}

Gene expression profiling ongoing

Serum

- Secreted FASN analysis ongoing
- Lipidomic and metabalomic profiling ongoing