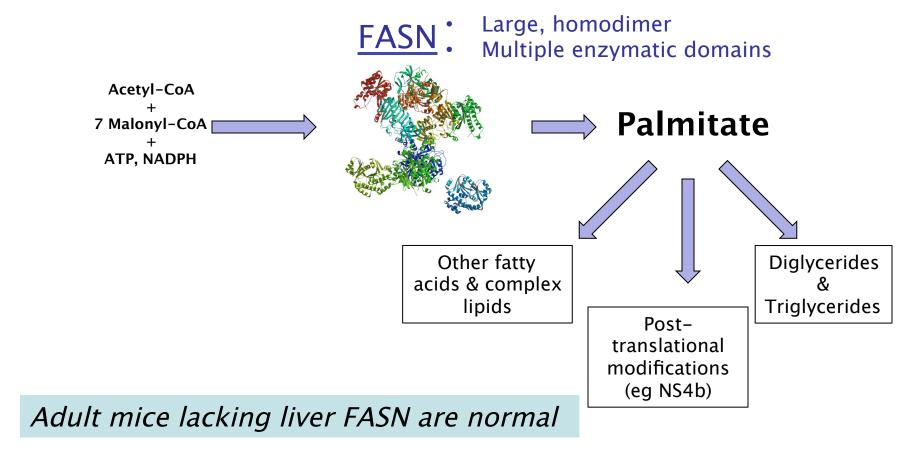


Drug Profile: Rationale & Approach

- Unique mechanism of action to enable the following:
 - Pan genotype antiviral activity
 - Activity against other classes of drug resistant HCV mutants
 - Well tolerated
 - High barrier to resistance
- Approach
 - Identify a cellular protein that is:
 - required for HCV replication
 - not critical for day to day function of the host
 - Develop proprietary compounds that fit with the evolving SOC



Fatty Acid Synthase (FASN)



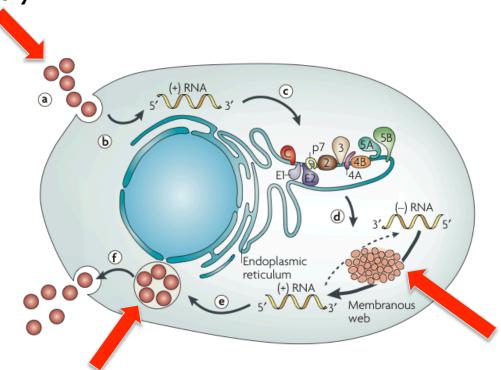
Maier, et al. Science, 2002 PDB ID: 2CF2 Chakravarthy, et al, Cell Metabolism, 2005



HCV Depends on the FASN Pathway

FASN and/or its product interact with HCV at multiple points of the viral replication cycle

Viral Entry



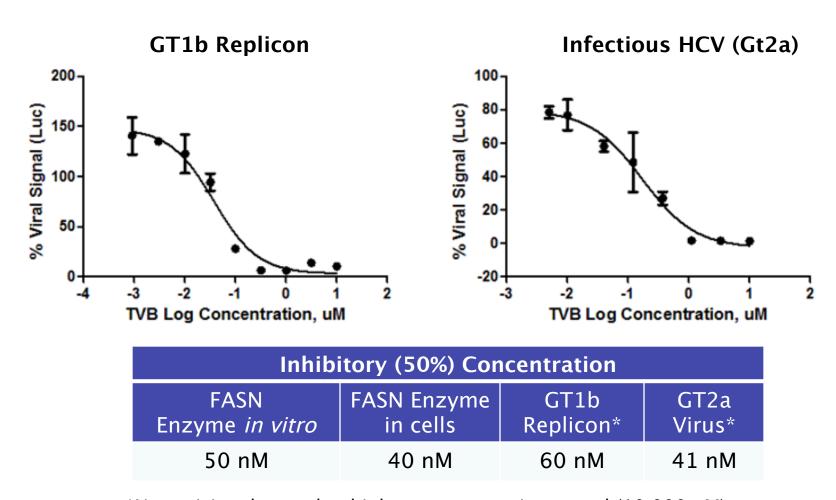
RNA Replication

Virus Assembly and Exit

Yang, et al, Hepatol. (2008) Yu, et al, J. Virol (2006) Sakamoto, et al. Nat. Chem Biol (2005) Umehara, et al., Biochem & Biophys Res. Comm (2006) Majeau, et al, J. Biol. Chem (2009) Moradpour et al. Nature Reviews Microbiology (2007)



3-V Inhibitors Are Potent & Specific

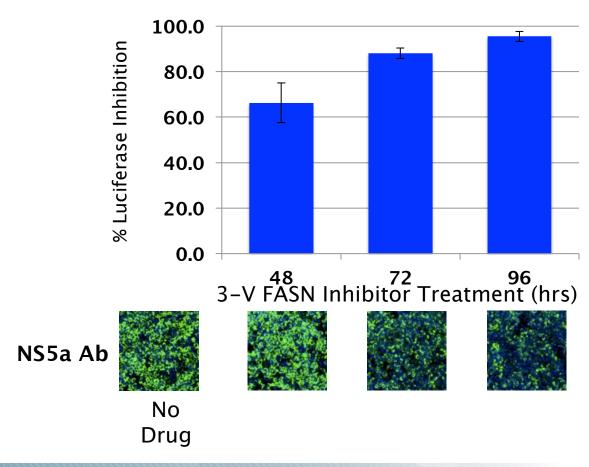


^{*}No toxicity observed at highest concentration tested (10,000 nM)



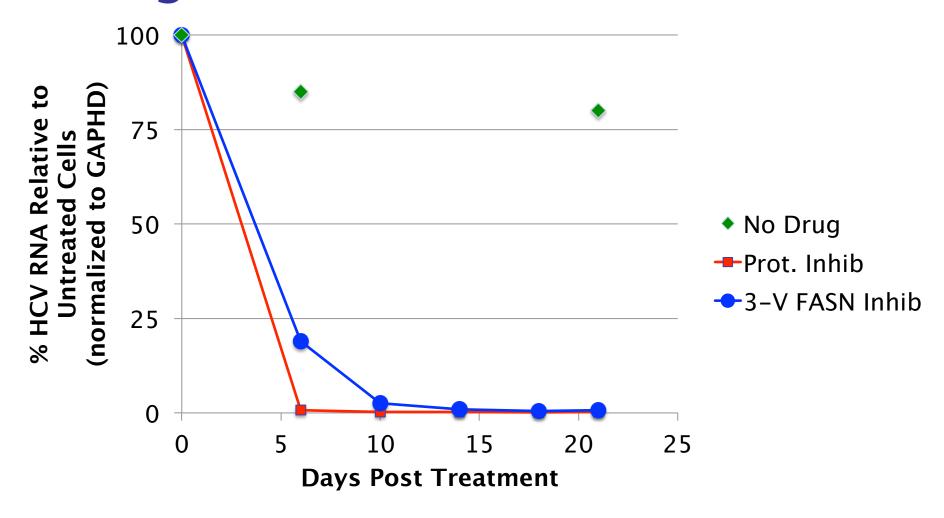
FASN Inhibition Blocks HCV RNA Replication & Protein Expression

Inhibition of HCV RNA Replication





FASN Inhibition Reduces HCV RNA In Passaged Cell Lines

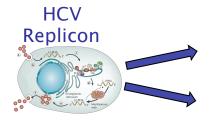




Targeted Inhibition of FASN

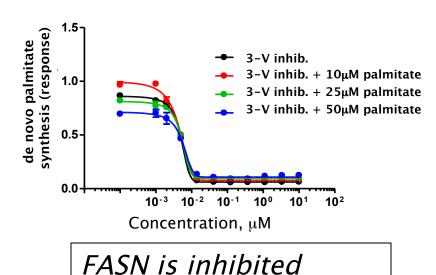
Palmitate add-back demonstrates on-target mechanism

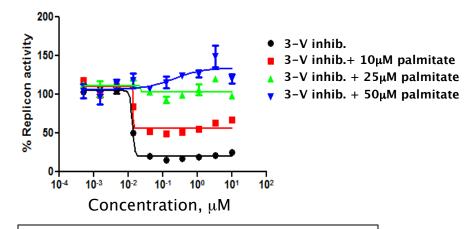
FASN inhibitor + / -Palmitate



HCV RNA replication (Luciferase)

FASN enzymatic activity (palmitate synthesis)





HCV RNA repl is restored

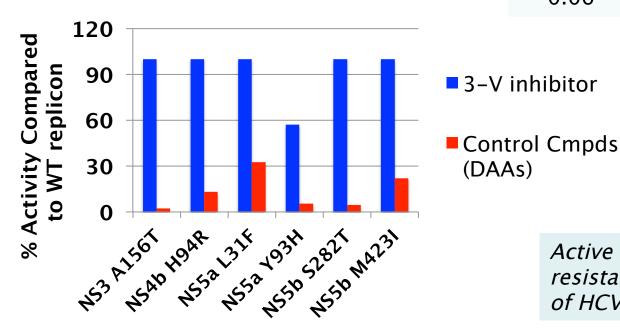


3-V FASN inhibitors active against a range of HCV variants

(DAAs)

Active across genotypes

Median Effectiveness Concentration (μM)		
Gt1a	Gt1b	Gt2
0.06	0.06	0.10



Active against replicons

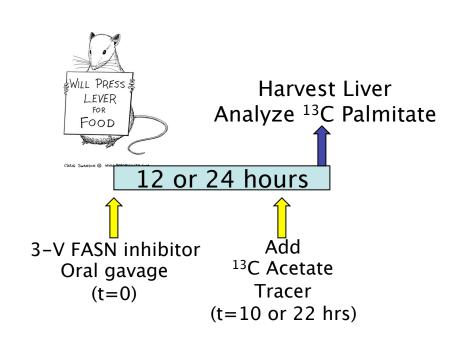
of HCV drugs

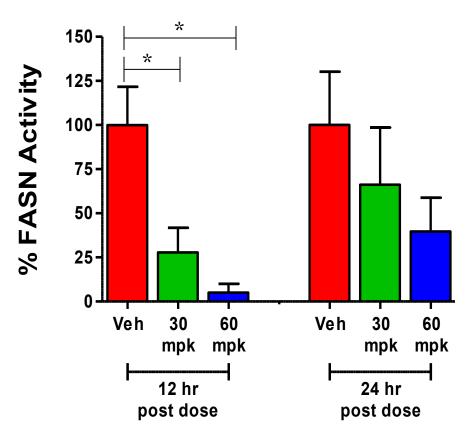
resistant to other classes

Drug Resistant Mutation in Gt1b Replicon



FASN inhibited in rats following oral administration





P<0.05 Mann-Whitney



Profile of 3-V's FASN inhibitors

- Attractive compounds with unique mechanism of action
 - On-target activity confirmed
 - Potent (EC_{50} 's < 100nM)
 - Pan genotype antiviral activity
 - Active against HCV mutants resistant to various classes of DAAs
 - Well tolerated following multiple day dosing at levels that suppress liver FASN in rats
- INDenabling studies underway
- Phase 1 and proof of concept in HCV patients in 2013



